IN THE CLAIMS

- 1. (original): A process for the preparation of a compound of formula R¹-Y¹-P(NR²R³)₂ which comprises:
- a) reacting a compound of formula PX_3 with a compound of formula HNR^2R^3 to form a compound of formula $X-P(NR^2R^3)_2$; and
- b) reacting the compound of formula X-P(NR²R³)₂ with a compound of formula R¹-Y¹-H in the presence of a solvent to form the compound of formula R¹-Y¹-P(NR²R³)₂; wherein

R¹ represents a phosphorus protecting group;

R² and R³ each independently represent an alkyl group, or R² and R³ are joined, together with the N to which they are attached, to form a 5-7 membered ring;

Y1 represents O or S; and

X represents a halogen;

characterised in that the solvent employed in reaction b) is a hydrocarbon solvent.

- 2. (original): A process according to claim 1, wherein the reaction between the compound of formula PX_3 and the compound of formula HNR^2R^3 in step a) takes place in the presence of the same solvent employed for the reaction between the compound of formula $X-P(NR^2R^3)_2$ and the compound of formula R^1-Y^1-H in step b).
- 3. (original): A process according to claim 1 or claim 2, wherein R^1 represents a methyl group, a group of formula $-CH_2CH_2-Si(CH_3)_2C_6H_5$, $-CH_2CH_2-S(O)_2-CH_2CH_3$ or $-CH_2CH_2-C_6H_4-NO_2$, a group of formula $-CH_2CH_2CN$, or a phenyl, 4-chlorophenyl, 2-chlorophenyl, 2-nitrophenyl or 4-nitrophenyl group.
- 4. (original): A process according to claim 3, wherein R¹ represents a group of formula -CH₂CH₂CN and Y¹ represents O.
- 5. (currently amended): A process according to any preceding claim $\underline{1}$, wherein R^2 and R^3 each independently represent a C_{1-6} alkyl group.
- 6. (original): A process according to claim 5, wherein R² and R³ represent isopropyl groups.

(currently amended): A process according to any preceding claim 1, wherein
Y¹ represents O.

- 8. (currently amended): A process according to any preceding claim 1, wherein X represents CI.
- 9. (currently amended): A process according to any preceding claim 1, wherein the hydrocarbon solvent is toluene.
- 10. (currently amended): A process according to any preceding claim $\underline{1}$, wherein the reaction between the compound of formula $X-P(NR^2R^3)_2$ and the compound of formula R^1-Y^1-H in step b) takes place in the presence of a base.
- 11. (original): A process according to claim 10, wherein the base is a $tri(C_{1-4}alkyl)$ amine.
- 12. (original): A process for the preparation of $\{[(CH_3)_2CH]_2N\}_2$ -P-O-CH₂CH₂CN, which comprises
- a) reacting PCl₃ with [(CH₃)₂CH]₂N-H in toluene to form {[(CH₃)₂CH]₂N}₂-P-Cl; and b) reacting {[(CH₃)₂CH]₂N}₂-P-Cl with HO-CH₂CH₂CN in toluene to form {[(CH₃)₂CH]₂N}₂-P-O-CH₂CH₂CN.
- 13. (currently amended): A process according to any preceding claim 1 or claim 12, wherein substantially anhydrous reaction conditions are employed.
- 14. (original): A process for the preparation of a compound of formula $R^1-Y^1-P(NR^2R^3)_2$ which comprises reacting a compound of formula $X-P(NR^2R^3)_2$ with a compound of formula R^1-Y^1-H in the presence of a solvent to form the compound of formula $R^1-Y^1-P(NR^2R^3)_2$

wherein

R¹ represents a phosphorus protecting group;

 R^2 and R^3 each independently represent an alkyl group, or R^2 and R^3 are joined, together with the N to which they are attached, to form a 5-7 membered ring; Y^1 represents O or S; and

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X represents a halogen; characterised in that the solvent is a hydrocarbon solvent.

15. (original): A process according to claim 14, wherein R¹ represents NCCH₂CH₂-; Y¹ represents O; R² and R³ are each isopropyl, X is chloro, and the hydrocarbon solvent is toluene.